



FH
[REDACTED]

STATE OF WISCONSIN
Division of Hearings and Appeals

In the Matter of

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

DECISION

FTI/158908

PRELIMINARY RECITALS

Pursuant to a petition filed July 07, 2014, under Wis. Stat. § 49.85(4), and Wis. Admin. Code §§ HA 3.03(1), (3), to review a decision by the Washington County Department of Social Services in regard to FoodShare benefits (FS), a hearing was held on August 05, 2014, at West Bend, Wisconsin.

Whether Petitioner's appeal is untimely.

There appeared at that time and place the following persons:

PARTIES IN INTEREST:

Petitioner:

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

Respondent:

Department of Health Services
1 West Wilson Street, Room 651
Madison, Wisconsin 53703

By: Ken Bennedum, Economic Support Specialist
Washington County Department of Social Services
333 E. Washington Street
Suite 3100
West Bend, WI 53095

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE:

Mayumi M. Ishii
Division of Hearings and Appeals

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. Petitioner (CARES # [REDACTED]) is a resident of Washington County.
2. On September 16, 2013, the agency sent the Petitioner a notification of Foodshare overissuance, Claim number [REDACTED], indicating that the Petitioner was overissued FoodShare benefits in the amount of \$2560 for the period of July 1, 2012 to January 31, 2013. (Exhibit 2, pgs. 1-5)

3. On September 16, 2013, the agency sent the Petitioner a repayment agreement. (Exhibit 2, pgs. 6-8)
4. On February 4, 2014, the agency sent the Petitioner another repayment agreement. (Exhibit 2, pgs. 9-11)
5. The agency sent the Petitioner dunning notices/reminders about the debt on February 4, 2014, March 4, 2014, and April 2, 2014. (Exhibit 2, pgs. 12-14)
6. On May 16, 2014, the agency sent Petitioner a Tax Intercept Notice indicating that any Wisconsin income tax refund, tax credits or lottery winnings will be intercepted to satisfy the FoodShare Overpayment. (Exhibit 2, pgs. 15-16)
7. The Petitioner filed a request for fair hearing that was received by the Division of Hearings and Appeals on July 7, 2014. (Exhibit 1)

DISCUSSION

The State is required to recover all FoodShare overpayments. An overpayment occurs when a FoodShare household receives more FoodShare than it is entitled to receive. 7 C.F.R. §273.18(a). The Federal FoodShare regulations provide that the agency shall establish a claim against a FoodShare household that was overpaid, even if the overpayment was caused by agency error. 7 C.F.R. §273.18(a)(2).

A Notification of FoodShare Overissuance, a FoodShare Overissuance Worksheet and a repayment agreement must be issued to the household/recipient. *FoodShare Wisconsin Handbook*, §7.3.1.8. If the recipient does not make a payment or misses a payment, a dunning notice must be issued. *Id.*

The State of Wisconsin Public Assistance Collections Unit uses tax intercept from both state and federal tax refunds to recover overpayments from anyone who has become delinquent in repayment of an overissuance.

To use tax intercept, the person must have received three or more dunning notices and the debt must be:

1. Valid and legally enforceable.
2. State: All error types
Federal: All error types.
3. State: At least \$20;
Federal: At least \$25.
4. State: At least 30 days from notification of Overissuance;
Federal: Not more than 10 years past due from notification date except in fraud cases. There is no delinquency period for fraud.
5. Free from any current appeals.
6. Incurred by someone who has not filed bankruptcy, nor has their spouse.

FoodShare Wisconsin Handbook §7.3.2.10 Tax Intercept

Wis. Stat., §49.85, provides that the department shall, at least annually, certify to the Department of Revenue, the amounts that it has determined that it may recover resulting from overpayment of general relief benefits, overissuance of FS, overpayment of AFDC and Medical Assistance payments made incorrectly.

The Department of Health Services must notify the person that it intends to certify the overpayment to the Department of Revenue for setoff from his/her state income tax refund and must inform the person that he/she may appeal the decision by requesting a hearing. *Id.* at §49.85(3).

The hearing right is described in Wis. Stat., §49.85(4)(b), as follows:

If a person has requested a hearing under this subsection, the department ... shall hold a contested case hearing under s. 227.44, except that the department ... **may limit the scope of the hearing to exclude issues that were presented at a prior hearing or that could have been presented at a prior opportunity for hearing.**

Emphasis added

A party has 30-days from the date of the letter/notice of tax intercept to file an appeal. Wis. Stat., §49.85(3)(a)2; FSH §7.3.2.11

In this case, Petitioner's appeal was filed on July 7, 2014, 52 days after the date of the Tax Intercept Notice. As such, it is untimely and no jurisdiction exists to review the merits of her appeal.

Even if jurisdiction did exist to review the merits of Petitioner's appeal, I would have found that the agency took the correct steps to institute a tax intercept, because it issued an overpayment notice with attached overpayment worksheets, it issued a repayment agreement and it issued three dunning notices, but the debt remained unpaid.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

Petitioner's appeal is untimely.

THEREFORE, it is

ORDERED

The petition is dismissed.

REQUEST FOR A REHEARING

This is a final administrative decision. If you think this decision is based on a serious mistake in the facts or the law, you may request a rehearing. You may also ask for a rehearing if you have found new evidence which would change the decision. Your request must explain what mistake the Administrative Law Judge made and why it is important or you must describe your new evidence and tell why you did not have it at your first hearing. If you do not explain these things, your request will have to be denied.

To ask for a rehearing, send a written request to the Division of Hearings and Appeals, P.O. Box 7875, Madison, WI 53707-7875. Send a copy of your request to the other people named in this decision as "PARTIES IN INTEREST." Your request for a rehearing must be received no later than 20 days after the date of the decision. Late requests cannot be granted.

The process for asking for a rehearing is in Wis. Stat. § 227.49. A copy of the statutes can be found at your local library or courthouse.

APPEAL TO COURT

You may also appeal this decision to Circuit Court in the county where you live. Appeals must be served and filed with the appropriate court no more than 30 days after the date of this hearing decision (or 30 days after a denial of rehearing, if you ask for one).

For purposes of appeal to circuit court, the Respondent in this matter is the Department of Health Services. After filing the appeal with the appropriate court, it must be served on the Secretary of that

Department, either personally or by certified mail. The address of the Department is: 1 West Wilson Street, Room 651, Madison, Wisconsin 53703. A copy should also be sent to the Division of Hearings and Appeals, 5005 University Avenue, Suite 201, Madison, WI 53705-5400.

The appeal must also be served on the other "PARTIES IN INTEREST" named in this decision. The process for appeals to the Circuit Court is in Wis. Stat. §§ 227.52 and 227.53.

Given under my hand at the City of Milwaukee,
Wisconsin, this 27th day of August, 2014.

\sMayumi M. Ishii
Administrative Law Judge
Division of Hearings and Appeals



State of Wisconsin\DIVISION OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS

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The preceding decision was sent to the following parties on August 27, 2014.

Washington County Department of Social Services
Public Assistance Collection Unit